

## **Technical Declaration**

## **Chemical Recommendation Guide**

The Business Operator, established in the European Community:

Freudenberg Home and Cleaning Solutions GmbH Im Technologiepark 19 D-69469 Weinheim, Germany

declares that the glove described hereafter:

## Vileda<sup>®</sup> Professional SafeGrip

shows the below mentioned permeation breakthrough time and degradation according to EN ISO 374:2016:

| Chemical                 | Permeation<br>breakthrough time<br>[minutes] | Protection<br>Index | Degradation<br>[%]         | Test Method     | Notified<br>Body |
|--------------------------|--|---------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Sodium hydroxide 40% [K] | >480   | 6                   | Palm: -26.1<br>Cuff: -41.6 | as per EN 16523 | Centexbel        |
| Sulphoric acid 96% [L]   | 118  | 3                   | Palm: 1.3<br>Cuff: -6.5    | as per EN 16523 | Centexbel        |
| Hydrogen peroxid 30% [P] | 218  | 4                   | Palm: -27.6<br>Cuff: -33.5 | as per EN 16523 | Centexbel        |

| PERMEATION BREAKTHROUGH TIMES ACCORDING TO EN ISO 374:2016 |                   |       |                   |         |                 |       |  |  |
|--|-------------------|-------|-------------------|---------|-----------------|-------|--|--|
| 0  | 1                 | 2     | 3                 | 4       | 5               | 6     |  |  |
| < 10   | 10-30             | 30-60 | 60-120            | 120-240 | 240-480         | > 480 |  |  |
| Not recommended  | Splash protection |       | Medium protection |         | High protection |       |  |  |

These data are based on tests under laboratory conditions from samples taken from the palm only and relates only to the chemical tested. It can be different if it be used in a mixture. For gloves equal or longer than 400 mm, the chemical resistance data is based from samples taken, 80 mm from the end of the cuff. The chemical resistance data may not reflect the actual duration of protection in the workplace and the differentiation between mixtures and pure chemicals. It is therefore recommended to check that the gloves are suitable for the intended use because the conditions at the workplace may differ from the type test depending on temperature, abrasion and degradation. When used, protective gloves may provide less resistance to the dangerous chemical due to changes in physical properties. Movements, snagging, rubbing, degradation caused by the chemical contact etc. may reduce the actual use time significantly. For corrosive chemicals, degradation can be the most important factor to consider in selection of chemical resistant gloves.

Notified Body: Centexbel (I.D. number 0493)

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